of contract. In the vakalat signed by you, you give power to the lawyers to receive all moneys on your behalf. If you do not give such powers to the lawyers, the money will not be paid to them. If you want that the money should be paid to the clients themselves and not to the lawyers, you must say so in your vakalats, in which case the old rule requiring a special vakalat for drawing clients' moneys will be revived.

MR. N. CHANNAPPA (Gubbi Taluk).—

*Q.*—40. Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(*a*) Whether it is a fact that the public in general were prohibited from attending the jatra of Sri Siddalingeswara Swami at Yediyur that was to be held this year, on account of plague and cholera prevailing in the surrounding places?

(*b*) If so, what were the infected areas and their distances from that holy place?

(*c*) Who are the sanitary authorities, if any, consulted in the matter, before such an order was passed?

(*d*) Was there any application made to the Deputy Commissioner for the modification of the order and how was it disposed of?

(*e*) Is it also a fact that at the time of the jatras at Seebi and Devarayanadurga that were held this year, there was plague at Tumkur, Kyatsandra and other surrounding places?

(*f*) If so, how were they permitted to be held and were any sanitary authorities consulted in the matter at all before such a permission was given?

GENERAL SECRETARY TO GOVERNMENT.—

*A.*—40. (*a*) Yes, on account of cholera.

(*b*) Some villages in Madhugiri, Koratagere and Sira Taluks were infected.

(*c*) The District Sanitary Officer and the Director of Health with the Government of Mysore.

(*d*) Yes. The Director of Health was again consulted, but he was against granting permission.

(*e*) Yes.

(*f*) It was not considered unsafe to hold the rejatras.

*Supplementary Questions and Answers.*

**Mr. N. Channappa.—**

Why should people coming from Mudgere and other places 50 miles off have been prevented from attending the jatra at Yediyur when there was neither plague nor cholera in any of the places?

**General Secretary to Government.—**

Admission or prevention depended on the Deputy Commissioner.

**Mr. N. Channappa.—**

Under similar circumstances quite recently, was not an order passed by the Deputy Commissioner of Kolar preventing people of only infected villages from attending a jatra?

**Second Member of Council.—**

It may be practicable sometimes and impracticable at other times.

**Mr. N. Channappa.—**

Has not a certain devotee petitioned to Government for a reconsideration of the Deputy Commissioner's order regarding the Yediyur jatra?

**General Secretary to Government.—**

I want notice.

**Mr. N. Channappa.—**

How was the jatra at Devarayanadurga allowed when there was plague in Tumkur, Kyatsandra and many other villages not far away?

**Third Member of Council.—**

Plague is not like cholera; but cholera is more difficult to deal with.

**Mr. N. Channappa.—**

Is it not a fact that the prohibitory order was passed only 3 days before the jatra and that when the people, who did not know about it, went there they were driven back by the Police?

**Second Member of Council.—**

We have no information on that point.

**Mr. N. Channappa.—**

Will the Government call for a full statement of facts ?

**Second Member of Council.—**

We will make a further enquiry with reference to the facts mentioned by you.

MESSRS. D. S. MALLAPPA and M. BASAVAIAH (Tiptur Taluk), G. K. MALLAPPA (Tiptur Municipality).—

*Q.*—41. Will the Government be pleased to state:—

(*a*) The causes that led to the disturbances on the Kolar Gold Fields during the month of April 1930?

(*b*) The date on which the disturbances commenced, and the steps taken by the Government and the Mining authorities to quell the disturbances and restore peace?

(*c*) The date on which fire was opened on the coolies and the reasons therefor; the names of officers who were present on the spot at the time and the names of the officers who ordered the fire to be opened?

(*d*) Where was the District Magistrate camping each day after the commencement of the disturbances and what are the steps taken by him to quell the disturbances and restore order?

(*e*) (1) Where was the District Magistrate when the shooting took place?

(2) At what time did he pass orders to open fire and from where?

(3) Was the order in writing or oral?

(4) How and through whom was the order communicated?

(*f*) What were the reports received by Government every day from the date of the commencement of the disturbances; also the nature of orders passed on such reports and the nature of suggestions given by the Government every day to the local officers?

(*g*) The action taken by Government and the local officers to pacify the situation after firing took place?

(*h*) How many casualties occurred as a result of the opening of fire and how many were injured and wounded?